

AI-INTEGRATED AYURVEDA PERIOD TRACKER: A HOLISTIC APPROACH TO MENSTRUAL HEALTH

Dr. Chitra¹, Aastha Sharma², Ayushi Yadav²

ABSTRACT

The convergence of artificial intelligence (AI) and Ayurveda offers a revolutionary framework for holistic menstrual health. This chapter explores the development of an AI-integrated Ayurveda period tracker designed to cater to the physical, emotional, and spiritual dimensions of a woman's menstrual cycle. The proposed application combines personalized AI algorithms with ancient Ayurvedic principles to deliver real-time, tailored insights for hormonal balance, symptom relief, and overall well-being. It positions itself as not just a tracking tool but a transformative companion for menstrual health.

KEYWORDS: Menstrual Health, Dosha, Rajas

INTRODUCTION

Menstrual health remains a vital yet underaddressed domain in both conventional and alternative healthcare systems. In recent years, the limitations of generic, one-size-fits-all period tracking applications have become apparent. Users often find them lacking in cultural, emotional, and physiological sensitivity. Ayurveda, with its focus on personalized medicine and preventive care, offers profound insights into the menstrual cycle. When combined with the adaptive and analytical powers of AI, it can lead to the creation of a period tracker that is deeply intuitive, responsive, and healing. This chapter details the conceptualization, features, implementation considerations, and broader implications of such a tracker.

HOW TO CITE THIS ARTICLE:

¹Assistant Professor Rog Nidan & Vikriti

Vigyan, Motherhood

Ayurvedic Medical

College & Hospital,

²BAMS UG Scholar,

Medical College &

Hospital, Roorkee

Motherhood Ayurvedic

Roorkee

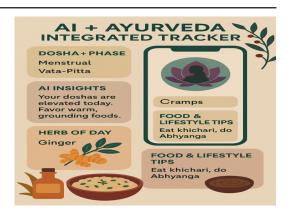
Dr. Chitra, Aastha Sharma, Ayushi Yadav (2025). AI-Integrated Ayurveda Period Tracker: A Holistic Approach to Menstrual Health, International Educational Journal of Science and Engineering (IEJSE), Vol: 8, Special Issue, 42-44

Purpose and Vision

The core vision of the AI-Integrated Ayurveda Period Tracker is to provide women with a holistic tool that evolves with them. Unlike standard trackers that only monitor dates and symptoms, this application aims to:

- Enhance self-awareness of menstrual patterns through personalized dosha analysis.
- Deliver phase-wise Ayurvedic lifestyle recommendations.
- Offer emotional and mental health support using NLP and AI-driven chatbots.
- Generate collective insights to inform wider menstrual health patterns.

By restoring mind-body balance and anticipating individual needs, the app seeks to reduce discomfort, regulate cycles, and foster a harmonious relationship with one's natural rhythms.



Foundational Concepts

1. Ayurveda and Menstrual Health

In Ayurveda, menstruation is viewed as a window into a woman's overall health. It is governed primarily by the doshas:

- **Vata:** Governs movement and is responsible for the flow of the menstrual cycle.
- **Pitta:** Governs transformation and influences hormonal activity.
- **Kapha:** Governs structure and fluidity, impacting tissue development and retention.

Each phase of the cycle corresponds with specific doshic dominance, and imbalances in doshas manifest as symptoms such as cramps, irregular cycles, or mood swings. A balanced cycle is seen as a sign of healthy reproductive and systemic functioning.

2. Artificial Intelligence in Personalized Healthcare

AI in healthcare is advancing rapidly with applications in diagnostics, treatment planning, mental health support, and more. Its strengths

Copyright© 2025, IEJSE. This open-access article is published under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International License which permits Share (copy and redistribute the material in any medium or format) and Adapt (remix, transform, and build upon the material) under the Attribution-NonCommercial terms.

lie in pattern recognition, adaptive learning, and predictive analytics. In this context, AI enables:

- Continuous tracking and prediction of menstrual cycles.
- Personalized intervention based on physiological and emotional data.
- Real-time recommendations through machine learning models.

Key Features of the App

1. Personalized Dosha Assessment

Onboarding includes a comprehensive questionnaire developed in consultation with Ayurvedic practitioners. This evaluates prakriti (innate constitution) and vikriti (current imbalance). As the user inputs daily data on symptoms, lifestyle, and emotional state, AI algorithms refine her doshic profile and adapt the recommendations accordingly.

2. Intelligent Cycle Tracking

The app collects and analyzes various cycle-related data:

- Menstrual start and end dates
- Flow intensity and duration
- PMS symptoms such as bloating, mood swings, cravings, sleep quality, and digestion
- · Ovulation windows and fertility indicators
- Lifestyle factors: diet, exercise, stress levels, and sleep

AI models utilize historical and real-time data to forecast upcoming cycles with increasing accuracy. Deep learning techniques also adapt predictions based on irregularities caused by travel, illness, or stress.

3. Dosha-Based Lifestyle Recommendations

Each cycle phase is aligned with Ayurvedic guidance based on doshic influence:

- Menstrual Phase (Rajas): Dominated by Vata; recommendations include rest, warm foods, grounding yoga, and oil massages.
- Follicular Phase (Kapha): Favoring Kapha; suggested are light diets, cardio exercises, and detoxifying practices.
- Ovulation Phase (Pitta): High Pitta activity; guidance includes cooling herbs like aloe vera, meditation, and heart-centered activities.
- Luteal Phase (Vata): Pre-menstrual time; calming practices like abhyanga (oil massage), warm spices, and breathwork are recommended.

These insights are conveyed via daily prompts, personalized notifications, and weekly planners with actionable items.

4. Natural Language Journaling and Emotional Support

The journaling feature encourages daily reflection. NLP algorithms analyze entries for emotional tone, recurring concerns, and stress patterns. Based on this, the app:

- Suggests Ayurvedic self-care rituals like nasya, meditation, or herbal tonics
- Recommends mantras or visualizations
- Provides mood-aware feedback and gentle affirmations

This integration supports emotional resilience and fosters

deeper self-connection.

5. Adaptive Content and Learning

A content engine driven by reinforcement learning curates:

- Articles on menstrual health, Ayurvedic wisdom, and cycle-syncing
- Videos on yoga flows, breathwork, and recipe tutorials
- Audio content like guided meditations and affirmations

This feature adapts to user preferences, seasonal transitions, and ongoing feedback. For instance, during the winter, Kaphabalancing content may be prioritized.

6. Holistic Mental Health Companion

The in-app chatbot functions as an AI coach trained in menstrual psychology and Ayurveda. It offers:

- · Emotional check-ins
- Personalized affirmations
- Reminders for rituals and herbal supports
- Compassionate dialogues tailored to dosha and mood

This companion helps reduce feelings of isolation and validates a user's inner experience during various phases.

7. Collective Wisdom through Anonymized Insights

Using federated learning and privacy-preserving analytics, the app extracts community-level trends. Sample insights might include:

- "80% of users with Pitta dominance report headaches before ovulation."
- "Users who practice daily abhyanga report 40% fewer mood fluctuations."

These insights can inform future features, user education, and Ayurvedic research initiatives.

Technical Framework

The backend architecture includes:

- AI/ML Models: Predictive analytics, NLP engines, recommendation systems
- **Database:** Secure storage for user data, encrypted at rest and in transit
- Frontend: Intuitive UI/UX with multilingual support
- Security & Privacy: GDPR-compliant protocols, user consent for data use

Open-source Ayurveda ontologies and expert-curated datasets ensure authentic representation of traditional knowledge

Integration strategy

Phase 1

 MVP Development (focus on core tracking and dosha guidance)

Phase 2

Integration of NLP journaling and chatbot

Phase 3

Launch of content recommender and analytics engine

Phase 4

Beta testing with Ayurvedic clinics and wellness centers

Collaborations with Ayurvedic practitioners, women's health experts, and technologists will ensure cultural sensitivity and clinical relevance.

Impact and Future Directions This tracker has the potential to:

- Shift the narrative around menstruation from symptom management to cyclical empowerment
- Integrate ancient health systems into modern digital health tools
- Provide a scalable, inclusive solution for rural and urban users alike

Future versions could include:

- Integration with wearables for deeper biometric insights
- Community forums moderated by experts
- Regional Ayurvedic variations and vernacular language support

CONCLUSION

The AI-Integrated Ayurveda Period Tracker is a pioneering solution that bridges traditional wisdom with technological intelligence. By recognizing the menstrual cycle as a vital sign of health and designing around individual constitution, the app becomes more than a utility—it becomes a personalized path to wellness.

This initiative demonstrates how AI can respectfully and effectively modernize indigenous knowledge systems, offering a blueprint for other holistic digital health interventions

REFERENCE

- Kumar, A., & Singh, R. (2021). Artificial Intelligence in Healthcare: A Comprehensive Review.
- Journal of Medical Systems, 45(8), 1–14. [DOI: 10.1007/s10916-021-01760-0]

- 3. Sethi, A., Goyal, A., & Sinha, A. (2020). Role of AI in Women's Health with Emphasis on Menstrual Cycle Monitoring. Healthcare Informatics Research, 26(3), 199–210. [DOI: 10.4258/hir.2020.26.3.199]
- Joshi, K., & Patwardhan, B. (2017). Ayurveda for Personalized Healthcare: Integration with Modern Science and Technology. Current Science, 113(5), 856–864. https://www.currentscience.ac.in/
- Mahapatra, A., & Kumari, R. (2022). Digital Ayurveda: A Systematic Review of Technology Applications in Ayurvedic Medicine. Journal of Ayurveda and Integrative Medicine, 13(1), 100434. [DOI: 10.1016/j.jaim.2021.100434]
- Harlow, S. D., & Ephross, S. A. (1995). Epidemiology of Menstrual Disorders: A Global Perspective. International Journal of Epidemiology, 24(2), 397–404. [DOI: 10.1093/ije/24.2.397]